



TURKISH REGULAR TROOPS ON THE MARCH TO THE THREATENED FRONTIER OF THE SULTAN'S DOMAIN.

[From Photographs taken for the Journal by James Creelman.]

the present troubles at the House of Refuge and the difficulty they have encountered in getting money from the State, are due to a systematic attempt to bring the institution under State control. None of them admit that the experiences of the institution demand the expenditure of money on their high several have contributed sums for special purposes.

Albany, N. Y., April 14.—President Stewart, of the State Charities Board, sent to the Finance Committee this afternoon a communication in which he says that the State Board feels that it will take some little time to adjust the question of title between the State, city and the institution. The communication continues: "The major part of the income asked for were recommended by our Committee on Reformation."

SPALDING'S LIFE IN NASHUA.

Was a Chum of a Cashier Who Is Now a Fugitive.

Nashua, N. H., April 14.—The published connection of Miss E. S. Louis Ervin with the affairs of Charles W. Spaulding and the Globe Bank of Chicago causes no surprise in this city. It had for years been understood that Spaulding was spending much money on the woman, but as he was married and wealthy it was supposed that he could afford to gratify his tastes for her as well as for wine and women in general, for which he was known to have an expensive predilection.

Spaulding from youth up was regarded as the sunniest of the four children of ex-Judge Solomon Spaulding, of this city. He was born on the most fashionable street of fifty years ago in a brick house still occupied by his father.

STANDS GOING UP LIKE MUSHROOMS.

Plenty of Room for the Common People on Dedication Day.

SEATS AT FIFTY CENTS.

Park Commissioners to Give Concessions on Riverside Drive.

Those persons who fear a crushing crowd at the Grant dedication ceremonies and are taking time by the forelock by paying fancy prices for seats from which to view the parade may regret their haste before the eventful day rolls around.

The truth is there will be plenty of room for all and seats will be sold at a moderate price. Those who are to-day paying \$3, \$4 and \$5 for seats that have not been erected will be sorry when they learn that they can find just as good seats for 50 cents.

That will be the prevailing price, for at a meeting of the Park Commissioners, yesterday, it was decided to announce that the Board will issue permits for platforms and stands on the east side of Riverside Drive at points designated by the Commissioners. All persons securing these permits will be made to guarantee that no more than 50 cents will be charged for such seats.

The ground to be occupied by these stands is now made up of lawns, which slope upward from the driveway to the elevated roadway above and to the east. If all the available space is taken up there will be room for 100,000 people or more, exclusive of the stands that will go up on private property. The concessions for stands will go to the highest bidders.

Stands by the Score.
A walk along the line of march yesterday revealed the fact that all owners of private unoccupied land are keenly alive to the possibilities for money making afforded by the coming celebration. While the great majority of people will, of course, try to get seats as near the tomb as possible, there is no doubt that hundreds of thousands will be forced to seek accommodation elsewhere.

Indeed, more comfort will be found at a distance from the tomb than near it. The owners of vacant lots who have cash enough to put up stands realize this, and they have begun work to reap the harvest of coin which they look for on the eventful day.

Stands are going up by the score. The activity in this respect at this time is principally confined to the Boulevard and Riverside Drive, below One Hundred and Sixteenth street. Wagons laden with lumber are being driven to the sites.

Reving came upon the scene. Mrs. Spaulding came East, and told her friends here they had separated from each other for good. It was even intimated that divorce proceedings would be instituted.

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Big Iron Company Fails.
Norristown, Pa., April 14.—The Longmead Iron Company and the Conshohocken Tube Company, of Conshohocken, have gone into the hands of receivers. The failure is the largest that has ever occurred in this country. The liabilities will amount to about \$300,000, while the assets will not be over \$150,000.

her were numerous on every thoroughfare leading to that section yesterday. The principal private stand now in course of construction is that being put up by Subway Commissioner Hamilton. It is being fitted up with boxes, and almost every seat in it has already been spoken for. Other stands, equally pretentious, have been designed and permits issued for their construction.

In limiting the price of seats to fifty cents the Park Commissioners have in view the prevention of speculation. They do not propose to permit a man to erect a stand and make a contract with a speculator by which the builder will make a contract ostensibly disposing of his seats for fifty cents, the speculator then turning around and extorting any price he can get from the public.

The exact spot over which the Grant tomb flag will float was selected yesterday by a committee of gentlemen consisting of President McMillan and Secretary Leary, of the Park Board; Cornelius O'Reilly, chairman of the Committee on Platforms and Decorations; Walter C. Gilson, secretary of the Committee on Plan and Scope; and Walter B. Smith, of the same committee.

It is intended that once this flag has been unfurled it will float continuously over the ground made sacred by the body of the dead General until the elements have destroyed it. It will be one of the largest national ensigns ever made, considerably larger than the regulation military flag that is used over forts and Government stations. It is now being made by the National Bunting Company, of Lowell, Mass., and will be completed in such time that it may be hoisted on the morning of the dedication.

It was first proposed to erect a steel mast from which to unfurl it, but that plan was changed when the Daughters of the American Revolution, through their president, offered to present the Grant Monument Committee with a wooden pole which they were having made. The offers of the steel masts were rejected because it was thought best to recognize the Daughters of the American Revolution in an official way.

On the Crest of a Knoll.
After going over the ground carefully President McMillan and his associates selected a knoll north of the tomb, and just south of the building which is now occupied as a stable by the Charenton Hotel. The stable is to be removed. If One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street were extended to the river the flag would fly in the middle of that thoroughfare.

The pole will be 135 feet above ground and will be in two sections, one 65 feet long and the other eighty-five feet long. The committee gathered around the spot selected, and with uncovered heads watched the pole be erected. When it is thrown to the breeze the Grant flag will be visible for many miles up and down the Hudson. W. C. Mance is to erect the pole.

Mayor Strong fears the city's appropriation of \$50,000 for the entertainment of guests, the building of stands and other necessary expenses will not cover the outlay required by the occasion. He put in a little time yesterday afternoon, therefore, preparing a bill for appropriating an additional \$25,000, to be used only in case of emergency. This will be presented to the Board of Aldermen at the earliest possible moment, and probably will meet with no opposition, as the money will be safeguarded by a clause stating explicitly under what conditions it can be spent and making it clear that the appropriation cannot be made without the unanimous consent of the Committee on Estimates. With this consent secured, it is hardly probable that a fight will be made on the bill.

Many complaints are being received by General Dodge and other gentlemen in charge of the dedication parade to the effect that the delay of Governor Black in proclaiming April 27 a legal holiday leaves them in distressing uncertainty as to their ability to take part in the demonstration. The loudest complaint made yesterday came from owners of tug boats and other harbor vessels. They claim that unless the day is made a legal holiday they will be unable to take part except with heavy financial loss to themselves. More than that, they say that unless the proclamation is soon issued they will not have sufficient time to make the elaborate preparations which they have in view. The Naval Committee is also hanged by this delay, as it cannot get definite replies from vessel owners, and its arrangement of details must of necessity lie in abeyance until such time as they can get a complete list of the vessels taking part.

Disposition of the Troops.
General G. M. Dodge, General Daniel Butterfield, Major Roe, of Squadron A, Chief Conila and Adjutant General Corbin, Department of the East, U. S. A., yesterday went aboard the Government boat Governor Melges, and made a circuit of Manhattan Island from the Battery, first going up the East River. The object of their trip was to inspect the piers and docks that are to be used in the transportation of troops on the morning of the great parade. They will see to it that the docks are strong enough to bear large bodies of men, horses and guns, and that they are in good repair.

Eleven hundred men will be in line from Ohio. This was announced yesterday by General H. A. Axline, Adjutant-General of the National Guard of that State, who is here arranging for the transportation of his troops. Governor Bushnell will be attended by the Toledo Cadets, the crack unattached military organization of Ohio.

The troops will be formed into a Provisional brigade under command of Colonel George A. Geiger. There will be two Provisional regiments, the first under the command of Colonel Charles Anthony, consisting of one battalion each from the Second, Third and Fourteenth Infantry Regiments; the second Provisional regiment will be under the command of Colonel H. S. Bunker. This will comprise two battalions of the Fifth Infantry, one of the Eighth, Company A, of the Ninth Battalion, Battery A, of the First Regiment Light Artillery.

The Cleveland Grays, in two companies and uniformed in gray, with black shakos, will form a separate division.

Bluejackets in Line.
One of the most striking features of the land parade, and one that will appeal to the patriotism of the people, will consist of details of bluejackets from the ships of the North Atlantic Squadron. These men never fail to excite enthusiasm when they appear in public. Details have been made as follows:

From the New York, three companies, 136 men.
From the Indiana, three companies, 136 men.
From the Massachusetts, three companies, 150 men.
From the Columbia, three companies, 156 men.
From the Maine, two companies, 104 men.
From the Texas, two companies, 112 men.
From the Amphitrite, one company, 56 men.
From the Terror, one company, 56 men.

Besides those the marines from the fleet will join in the parade, as well as blue jackets from the ships in the Navy Yard. These will join the brigade from the fleet in the Hudson River and all will be landed at the same pier, marching thence to the points from which they will take part in the parade. The marines will be divided into companies for forty-eight men each and will be equipped with canteen belts and leggings, with the officers in full uniform. The only application received for a place in the yesterday came from the Independent Russian Hussars in New York. A delegation from this organization, in full uniform, called on General Dodge to ask for a place. They will turn out one hundred strong.

Notwithstanding all the rumors to the contrary, it is not probable that the body of General Grant will be removed inside of four or five days. A telegram was received yesterday from Jesse Grant, who stopped at Los Angeles long enough to notify his brother, Colonel Fred Grant, that he was on his way from San Diego to New York. It is not expected that the removal will take place before the arrival of Mr. Grant.

Cannot Carry Arms.
"These men may march unarmed if they like. I have no objection to that, but they cannot march with the National Guard in the military division, while I have anything to say about it," General Louis Blumenthal was the speaker when he was talking to the press yesterday. He was talking to the press yesterday. He was talking to the press yesterday.

At a meeting of the Naval Committee yesterday was voted to tender the visiting naval officers a reception at the Waldorf on the evening of April 28. Not only will the naval officers be invited, but nearly all the prominent men of the country, will be asked to meet the foreigners and contribute to their enjoyment as much as possible.

It is thought that the President, the members of his Cabinet and the diplomatic corps will be invited to the parade. The affair will be rather exclusive and only members of the Grant Memorial Committee will be permitted to buy tickets, and these will be limited to one gentleman's ticket and two for ladies. They will be sold at \$5 each.

INFANTRY FROM VIRGINIA.
Just a Possibility, However, That They May Not Parade on Dedication Day.
Richmond, April 14.—The Richmond Light Infantry Blues are going to New York to attend the unveiling of the Grant Monument. Quite a complication, however, has arisen as to their participation in the parade. There will be on hand two colored batteries from Virginia, and the Blues, and the commandant of one of the colored companies outranks Major Cutchings, commandant of the Blues.

Efforts are being made to have Governor O'Ferrall go along in order that the Blues may act as his personal escort. In event His Excellency does not go, Adjutant General Anderson has the honor to give the Blues the right of the line as far as the Virginia troops are concerned. Should they not get this, the members of the National Guard will simply view the parade as spectators.

ROCKAWAY BEACH LIGHTS OUT
For Eight Nights the Famous Seaside Resort Has Been in Darkness.
Rockaway Beach, L. I., has been in darkness during the past eight nights, and John Williams, who contracted to supply 100 lights for one year, has forfeited the \$500 he gave as security. The cause of the trouble was the failure of the part of Williams to pay the rent for the property occupied, and Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Myers, the owners, had him dispossessed.

The prominent real estate owners of the beach are organizing a stock company and proposing to buy Williams' plant. To-night a mass meeting of the citizens will be held at which the light question will be discussed. Williams received \$15,000 a year for lighting the beach.

SESSION OF THE PRESBYTERY
Delegates to the General Assembly Chosen at Bridgehampton and Islip, L. I.
The Long Island Presbytery met in the Presbyterian Church at Bridgehampton, L. I., yesterday. Devotional services, in which the ruling elders took the chief part, opened the proceedings. The reports of delegates of the various churches as to their financial standing and the reading of the narrative of the state of religion in the churches of the Presbytery followed. Commissioners were elected in the afternoon to represent the Presbytery in the General Assembly at Winona, Ind., on May 23. A young people's meeting was held from 3 to 4 o'clock, and a popular meeting was held in the evening.

The Presbytery of Nassau held its Spring meeting in the Presbyterian Church at Islip, L. I., Tuesday evening. Dr. Kneeland P. Ketcham, of Freeport, was elected moderator for the ensuing year, and the Rev. Robert D. Merrill, of Brentwood, was chosen temporary clerk. The Rev. Charles Park, of Astoria, and Isaac C. Hendrickson, of Jamaica, were appointed commissioners to attend the General Assembly, which meets at Winona Park, Ind., in May. The Summer meeting will be held in Greenvale on June 15, for the purpose of the ordination and installation of the Rev. Albert S. Wright as pastor of the Oceanville Presbyterian Church.

Three delegates were appointed to attend the Synodical Congress in Poughkeepsie on June 1, 2 and 3. The pastoral relations existing between the Rev. Rockwood McQuiston and the church of Glen Cove were dissolved.

GORDY'S COUNSEL HAVE LOST HOPE

Sudden Break Down of the Defence, Who Called but One Witness.

PRISONER IN COLLAPSE.

His Counsel States That They Abandoned the Plea of Insanity for Want of Money.

Georgetown, Del., April 14.—The fate of James M. Gordy seems already sealed. His fight for life is over, and in less than twenty-four hours he will hear the verdict of the jury. Gordy's counsel have thrown up their hands and will leave him now practically to the mercy of the jury.

Contrary to all expectations, the examination of witnesses in the celebrated case was carried to a sudden termination this afternoon. The State had counted upon restoring its case this afternoon, but everybody believed that the defence would bring forward at least a half dozen witnesses, but they did not. They called only one man to the stand; he was Dr. Caleb H. Layton, of this town, and his testimony was offered as that of an expert. Gordy's counsel attempted to prove by Dr. Layton that the absence of water on the woman's lungs did not prove that the woman had not drowned.

Dr. Layton gave his opinions carefully and deliberately, and upon cross-examination he admitted that in 50 per cent of the drowning cases the water is found in the lungs, and in the other 50 per cent no water is found in the lungs. In other words, he said there is an equal division. This admission from Dr. Layton was satisfactory to Attorney-General White, and he cut this cross-examination short. When Dr. Layton stepped from the witness stand Gordy's counsel arose and notified the court that they would rest.

After a brief consultation Deputy Attorney-General Peter L. Cooper arose and opened argument for the State. He spoke for an hour, and laid great stress upon the brutal and apparently premeditated feature of the crime. He reviewed Gordy's relations with the Lewis woman, and pointed out strongly that his motive for killing the woman was to get her money and property.

The most important testimony of the day was that of Mrs. Harvey Messick, who identified the trousers Gordy wore on the night of the murder. She testified to the finding of the handkerchief, the curling iron and the handbag and other things belonging to Mrs. Lewis in Gordy's spare room. She also testified to the fact that she saw Gordy at his mother's house and how he exclaimed when taken into custody: "I didn't hurt that woman."

The last witness for the State was Detective Bernard J. McVey, who testified to the finding of proof of Gordy's marriage to the Lewis woman and other evidence concerning the close relations between Gordy and the woman. The State rested its case shortly after 3 o'clock and then the defence opened with their only witness, Dr. Layton. John M. Richardson will open the argument for the defence to-morrow morning, and it is extremely likely that the case will go to the jury some time to-morrow afternoon. The sudden collapse of the defence created a sensation to-day. It was visibly affected Gordy, who walked back to his cell this evening with his head bowed down.

Charles F. Richardson, one of Gordy's counsel, said to-night, speaking of the sudden collapse of the case: "We at first contemplated entering a plea of insanity, and had summoned a number of witnesses. We abandoned this course, however, because we concluded that to enter a plea of insanity would mean an acknowledgment of the killing and because expert testimony to prove insanity would cost too much money. This is the reason we acted as we did this afternoon. Gordy has sold all his personal property to get money for counsel fees."

Much in Little
Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for the medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole

Hood's Pills
medicine chest, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. 25c. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

TO-MORROW
Your domestic help may decide to make a change; short notice of leave often causes worry and inconvenience at home. Get another girl at once—and a good one—by using a Journal "Want." Journal "Wants" work over night; results in the morning.

DEFENDS THE HOUSE OF REFUGE.

Alexander E. Orr Denies That There Is an Epidemic of Disease in That Institution—Wants More Money.

To W. R. Hearst:

There is no epidemic in the House of Refuge, and I think the quarantine is unnecessarily harsh. I telephoned to the institution this morning and found that there were only three inmates in our hospital. These are suffering from tuberculosis, which is very common among children. We had five children ill with measles, but they were promptly removed by the Board of Health.

With the exception of evidences of trachoma the health of the 300 inmates is very good. This is caused by living in damp houses. We have reduced these cases of trachoma to one-fourth of what they formerly were, and we use every precaution to prevent it from spreading. It is contagious, but not dangerous.

As to the plumbing being defective and should be repaired, but this condition is not our fault. We have no money to put in new plumbing and have asked the Legislature for a special appropriation to carry out this work. We received \$188,000 every year from the State for the maintenance of the inmates. The Comptroller will not permit us to economize in the maintenance and use the money thus saved for plumbing.

We need about \$35,000 to make improvements that are absolutely necessary. We asked the Legislature to give us this amount, and I had been assured that it would be included in the Supply bill. It was stricken out, however, when the bill was passed by the Assembly. It is now in the Senate, and I believe the appropriation will be made. I am glad that this thing has come up, as it will prove to the Legislature that we really must have the money. The Comptroller and the State Board of Charities both indorse our application for the appropriation.

I wish to deny that there are any babies in the institution. The law does not permit us to accept any inmates who are under twelve years of age. Our physician resigned because we refused to increase his salary.

ALEXANDER E. ORR,
President of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents.

as vital importance for the welfare of the institution; some of these are called for by the Board of Health as required by the Fire Department. If the property belonged to the State, we could not sell it. We, however, received \$22,500 be appropriated, it being asked, for education and the purchase of property. We cannot, however, of the appropriation asked for the real property in consequence of the question of title.

WORK IS HEALTHY.
The Board Shows the Lowest Mortality in Six Years.

President of the Board of Health Dr. Strong a report yesterday showing him that the death rate for the first three months of this year was lower than it had been during the last six years. The report was this data, showing a fall for each year:

Rate	Deaths	per 1,000
24.96	10,214	
25.23	11,844	
27.33	10,970	
24.63	11,728	
25.24	10,949	
22.90	9,937	
20.21		

MRS. DRESSNER.
Continued from First Page.

closed against her. Mrs. Dressner is a woman of spirit. She did not weep, she did not go into hysterics. She went into the barn. The barn is not the most desirable habitation, but Mrs. Dressner determined to hold it against all comers. She sent to her friends, who took provisions, a bed and candles to her. She passed Tuesday night very comfortably. Yesterday Mr. Dressner made it plain that if he were a soldier he would be a great general. He put a splendid stratagem into execution. He threw the doors and windows from the barn.

The air was balmy and warm, the sun was shining, diverting the Hudson's broad ribbon, heating the bank with the heat of many steam registers. So Mrs. Dressner sweetly smiled, while the carpenters took the barn doors from their hinges and yanked the windows from their casings. "He thinks to freeze me out!" she murmured.

Full the warmth of her tone proved that Dressner's stratagem had failed. It proved to Officer Hogan, the Hastings-Hudson police force, that his post of preserving the peace, which was not ruptured.

Mrs. Dressner's friends will supply her with all the money she still holds the fort—her pardon, the barn.

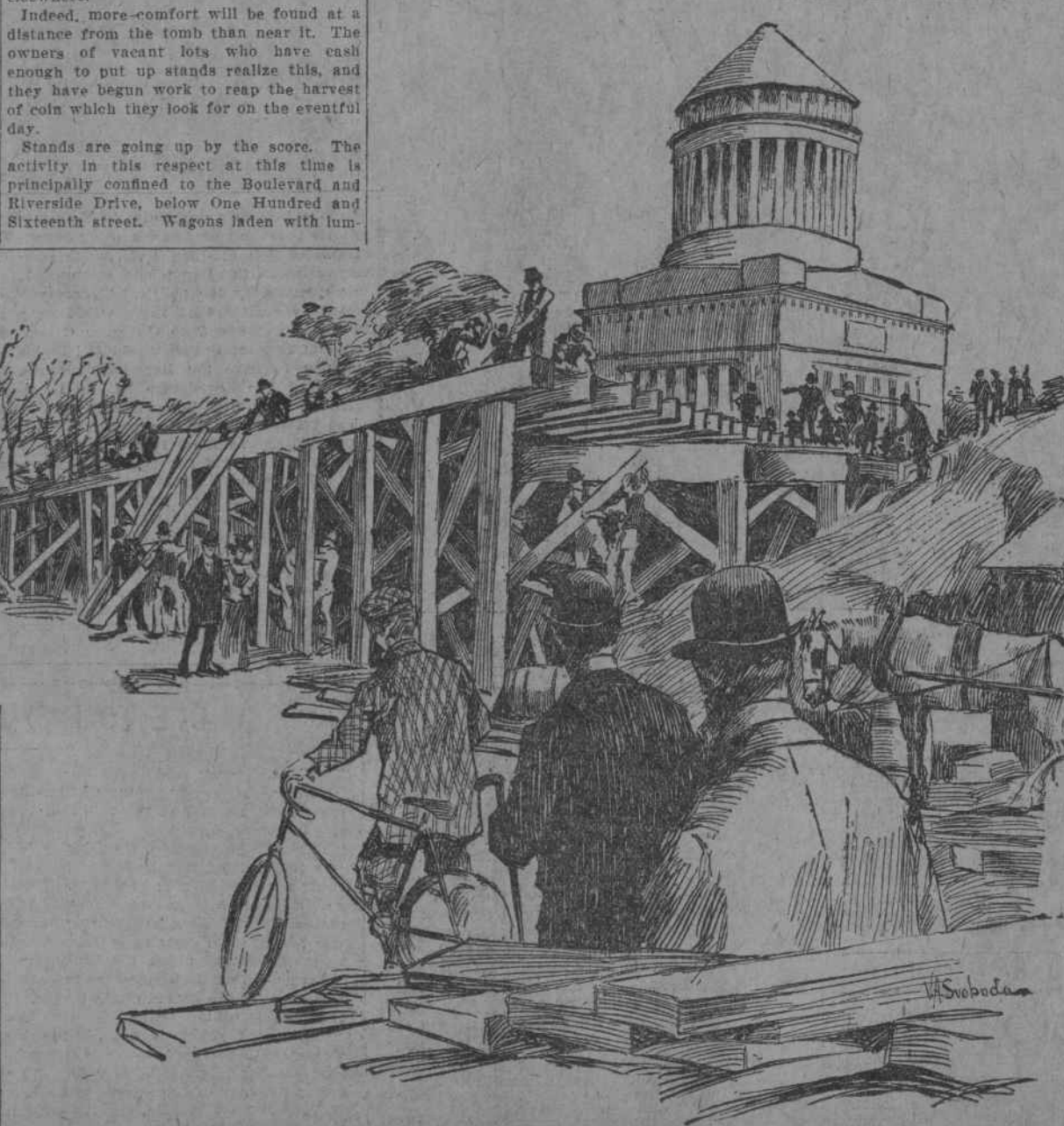
For Mothers and Babies.
The State Charities Aid Association desires to see 150 needless mothers with their babies to try situations during the coming six months, appeals to the public for \$500 for defraying necessary expenses, the average cost for each mother and baby being \$3.33. Contributions may be sent to Mrs. Helen C. Butler, treasurer, 120 East Twenty-second street. They will be promptly acknowledged.

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